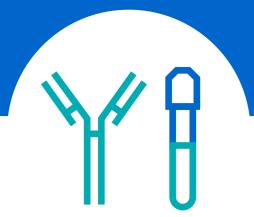
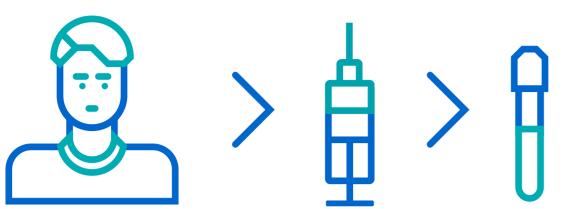


How antibody tests help to detect those already infected with SARS-CoV-2

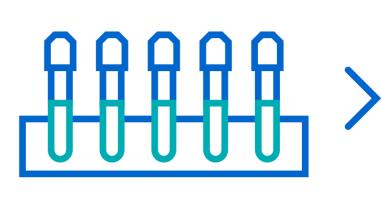




The human blood sample is taken and sent to the lab for analysis.



2. Trained lab professionals prepare the sample. First the **red blood cells are** separated to obtain serum/plasma through centrifugation.



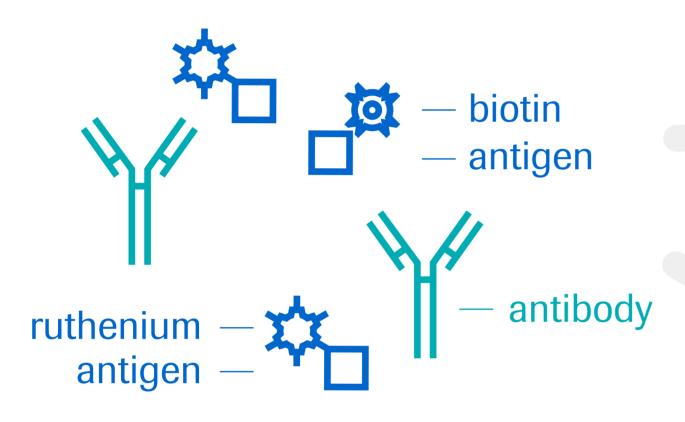


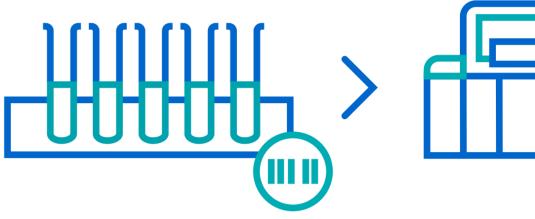
$H_{H_{1}}$

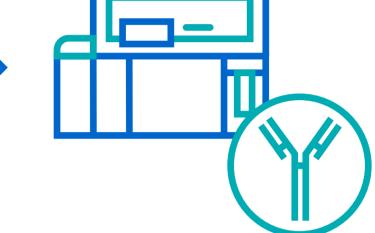
3. Small amounts of serum/plasma are pipetted into a special sample tube. To ensure correct identification and traceability each tube carries a **unique barcode**.

4. The tube is **loaded onto a fully** automated analyser. The system begins the identification of antibodies in the sample.

> 3 reagents are used to process a reaction. Reagents are complex mixtures of biochemicals. The manufacturing of quality reagents at industrial scale is technically demanding.

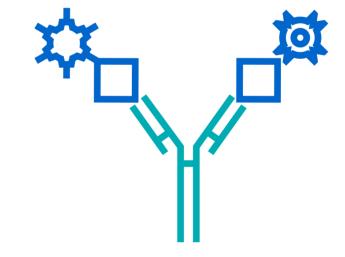


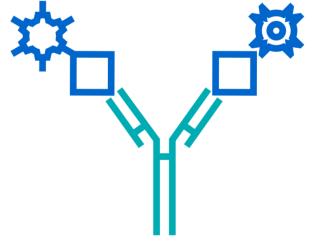




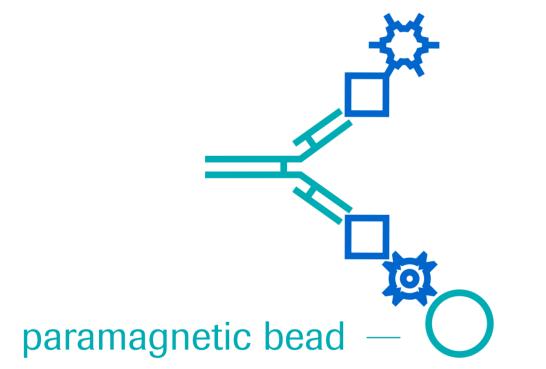
An antigen, like SARS-CoV-2, is a molecule or molecular structure that triggers an immune response resulting in antibody production.

4a. The sample is incubated with a mix of laboratory synthesised reagents. One contains a SARS-CoV-2 specific antigen carrying a "biological bulb" (ruthenium-label) and another contains a SARS-CoV-2 specific antigen equipped with a "biological anchor" (biotin-label).



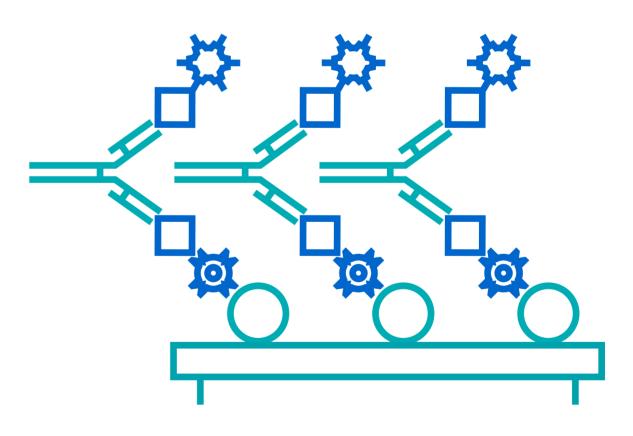


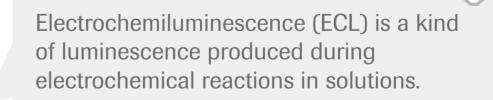
4). If SARS-CoV-2 antibodies are present in the sample, a **double-antigen-sandwich** complex is **formed.**

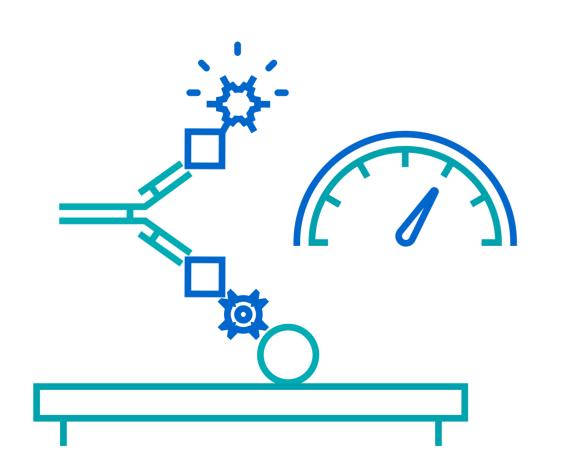


4C. The **sandwich complexes** are attracted via the biological anchor onto paramagnetic beads.

4d. These complexes enter the measuring cell of the analyser. A current is applied to an electrode, consequently it becomes magnetic. All paramagnetic beads carrying the complexes get bound to the magnetic surface.







40. Now the detection takes place. A **special solution** is added and the **biological** flashlight turns on. The light indicates the presence of Anti-SARS-CoV-2 antibodies in the sample.

5. Lab professionals analyse, control and approve the test results before they go into the computer based lab information system.







6. These **results** are made available to the healthcare provider to enable more informed decisions.